Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

### 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : **ZINC 12 HYDROXY STEARATE** 

CAS Number : **35674-68-1** 

Chemical Name/Synonyms : Zinc salt of 12 Hydroxy stearic acid

Chemical Formula : C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>70</sub>O<sub>6</sub>Zn

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Lubricant.

**Restrictions on use:** Industrial Use Only.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Nimbasia Stabilizers

F-172(A&B), F-173, Indraprastha Industrial Area,

Road No. 3, Kota -324005

Telephone : +91 8890965454, +91 9983306543

E-mail address : info@nimbasia.com

Responsible/issuing person : Product Safety Department

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number (0 - 24 h)

Tel.: +91 8890965454; +91 9983306543

#### 2. Hazards identification

# 2.1 Globally Harmonized System (GHS) Hazard Classification:

OSHA Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): hazardous, combustible dust. GHS Classification: Not classified as hazardous. This SDS meets the requirements of GHS Revision 3.

#### 2.2 Label elements including precautionary:

**Symbol:** No pictogram needed.

Signal word: Warning!

# **OSHA Hazard Statement:**

May form combustible dust concentrations in air. May irritate eyes, skin and respiratory passages.

### **OSHA Precautionary Statements:**

**Prevention:** Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Keep away from all ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulations to minimize explosion hazard. Use explosion-proof (electrical/ventilation/lighting) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharge.

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

**Response:** If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**If in eyes:** Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after one to two minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. If redness, itching or burning sensation develops, seek medical attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

**If Inhaled:** Remove victim to fresh air. If a cough or other respiratory symptoms develop, consult medical personnel.

**Storage:** Store in accordance with local regional national international regulations. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regional national international regulations.

#### 2.3 Other hazards which are not included in the classification criteria:

May cause irritation to respiratory tract and mucus membranes, and irritation to eyes and skin. This product has no known chronic effects. Repeated or prolong exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate medical conditions. Slipping/falling hazard.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Chemicals Name	CAS No.	Content (%)
Zinc 12 Hydroxy Stearate	35674-68-1	98-100

#### 4. First aid measures

General advice: Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

#### 4.1 Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and continue to monitor. Consult medical attention.

#### 4.2 Skin contact:

Wash skin with plenty of soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before use.

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

#### 4.3 Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after one to two minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. If redness, itching or burning sensation develops, seek medical attention.

### 4.4 Ingestion:

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. Sips of water can be given. If symptoms persist, contact a poison control center, emergency room, or physician for treatment information.

## 4.5 Acute and delayed symptoms/effects:

**Eye Contact:** Excessive exposure may cause irritation to eyes. Irritation to the eyes will cause watering and redness.

**Skin Contact:** May cause mild irritation. Reddening, scaling, and itching are characteristics of skin inflammation.

**Ingestion:** Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts. May be harmful in large amounts.

**Inhalation:** Excessive exposure may cause irritation to eyes, nose, throat, lungs, and respiratory tract.

Chronic health effects: This product has no known chronic effects...

Relevant routes of exposure: Eye, skin, inhalation.

# 4.6 Indication of immediate medical attention and notes for physicians:

Persons with pre-existing skin, eye, or respiratory conditions may be at an increased risk from the irritant properties of this material. Attending physician should treat exposed patients symptomatically.

### 5. Firefighting measures

# 5.1 Extinguishing media:

# Suitable extinguishing media:

Non-Flammable but may burn at higher temperatures. Use extinguishing media appropriate to surrounding fire and to protect personnel. Hand held dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguishers may be used for small fires. Dust explosion hazard may result from forceful application of fire extinguishing agents.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

For this product, no limitations of extinguishing agents are given. Forceful application of fire extinguishing agents or water spray may spread burning material.

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the chemical:

**Unusual fire and explosion hazards:** Concentrated dust may present an explosion hazard.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition, which may be toxic and/or irritating.

### 5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for

# firefighters: Fire Fighting Procedures:

Keep personnel away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Do not apply direct water stream. Use fine water spray or foam. Cool surroundings with water to localize fire zone. Dust explosion hazard may result from forceful application of fire extinguishing agents.

Hand held dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguishers may be used for small fires.

## **Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:**

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or gas. Avoid skin and eye contact. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Use appropriate safety equipment. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

### **6.2** Environmental precautions and protective procedures:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains, sewers, waterways, and/or groundwater.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain spilled material if possible. Sweep up using non-sparking tools. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

**6.4. Reference to Other Sections:** See Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

### 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

No smoking, open flames or sources of ignition in handling and storage area. Good housekeeping and controlling of dusts are necessary for safe handling of product. When transferring material, use proper grounding to avoid electrical sparks. Product surface alterations caused by calcining or mixing with additives may alter toxicological properties.

Avoid breathing process fumes. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not eat, drink, and/or smoke in work areas. Wash hands after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage (including any incompatibilities):

Store in cool place. Avoid heat and ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with good manufacturing practices.

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Consult with a Health and Safety Professional for specific selections.

#### 8.1 Control parameter:

### **OCCUPATIONAL**

# **EXPOSURE LIMITS:**

ACGIH TLV: (as stearates) 10 mg/m TWA

#### **Particulates Not Otherwise Classified (Dusts)**

Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL): Table Z-1 8-Hr Time Weighted Avg. (TWA) (DUSTS)

OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m3 (Total Dust), TWA 5 mg/m3 (Respirable Fraction)
ACGIH: TWA 10 mg/m3 (Inhalable particles)
NIOSH REL: TWA 10 mg/m3 (Total Dust), TWA 5 mg/m3 (Respirable Particles)
TWA 5 mg/m3 (Respirable Fraction)

#### **8.2** Appropriate engineering controls:

Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen- deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks: Refer to NFPA 654, *Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids*, for safe handling.

#### **8.3 Personal protective equipment:**

# **Eye protection:**

Use safety glasses. If there is a potential for exposure to mists which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles, or use a full-face respirator.

**Body protection:** Wear clean body-covering clothing to prevent skin exposure.

### **Hand protection:**

Contact should be minimized. Protective gloves are recommended when prolonged skin contact cannot be avoided. The glove(s) listed may provide protection against permeation (gloves of other chemically resistant materials may not provide adequate protection): Polyethylene, Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Neoprene, Nitrile, Polyvinyl alcohol, Viton. Selection of gloves will depend on the task.

## **Respiratory protection:**

Concentration in air determines the level of respiratory protection needed. Use only NIOSH certified respiratory equipment. Respiratory protection is not usually needed unless product is heated or misted. Half-mask air purifying respirator with dust mist filters or HEPA filter cartridges is acceptable for exposures to ten (10) times the exposure limit. Full-face air purifying respirator with dust mist filters or HEPA filter cartridges is acceptable for exposures to fifty (50) times the exposure limit. Protection by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure-demand full-face supplied air respirator or SCBA for exposures greater than fifty (50) times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health), or there is the possibility of an uncontrolled release, or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positive pressure-demand full- face supplied air respirator with escape bottle or SCBA. Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) full-face piece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions.

#### Other:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. For non fire emergencies, respiratory protection may be necessary and wear appropriate protective clothing to avoid contact with material. Have eyewash station in work area. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Solid, powder to granular (depending on the grade).

Odor: Slightly fatty odor Color: White to off white

Solubility: Insoluble in water, ethanol, ether; slightly soluble in benzene

Specific Gravity: 1.095 pH: Not available

% Volatiles by volume: < 1%

Boiling Point: N.A.

Melting Point: 145 – 155 (293-311oF)

Vapor Density (Air=1): No information found Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): No information found Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1): No information found

Minimum dust cloud ignition temperature is 690°C (1274°F)

Flash Point: > 530°F (277°C) C.O.C. Dust Deflagration index: Not available

Minimum explosive concentration: Not available

Flammable Limits in Air: Not available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 1.2 log POW

Remarks: The above information is not intended for use in preparing product specification. Contact CSM before writing specifications.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

- **10.1 Chemical stability:** Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.
- **10.2 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
  - **10.3** Conditions to avoid: Strong heating, sparks, open flames, moisture.

#### **10.4** Incompatible materials:

Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids. Strong bases, oxidizers, hydrogen fluoride, fluorine, xenon hexafluoride, oxygen difluoride, and chlorine trifluoride. Substance can explode when wet and heated with magnesium.

# 10.5 Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposition products including Zinc oxide, Carbon dioxide and Carbon monoxide, depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Processing may release fumes and other decomposition products. Fumes can be irritating.

10.6 Hazardous Polymerization: Will not polymerize.

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

#### 11. Toxicological information

**11.1 Information on the likely routes of exposure:** Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact.

## 11.2 Information on toxicological effects:

**Acute toxicity:** 

Oral LD 50: >10,000 mg/kg
Inhalation No data available
Dermal No data available

#### **GHS Classifications:**

Skin corrosion/irritation: May cause mild skin irritation. GHS Classification: Not Classified.

**Serious eye damage/irritation:** Eye contact can result in mild irritation. GHS Classification:

Not Classified. Inhalation: This material may cause mild respiratory tract irritation. GHS

Classification: Not Classified. **Respiratory or skin sensitization:** Not known to be a sensitizer.

GHS Classification: Not Classified.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards. GHS Classification:

Not Classified. Reproductive Toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. GHS

Classification: Not Classified. Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

GHS Classification: Not Classified.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT):

**STOT-single exposure**: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

**STOT-repeated exposure:** The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

11.3 Carcinogenicity: This product does not contain any material at > 0.1% that is listed by IARC, NTP, EPA, ACGIH, or OSHA.

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

#### 12. Ecological information

12.1 Mobility: No information available.

#### 12.2 Aquatic and terrestrial ecotoxicity:

LC50/48h (static) >100 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (OECD 202)

LC50/96h > 10000 mg/l (Brachydanio rerio) (92/69/EEC C.1) semi-static

NOEC (static) 1560 mg/l (Photobacterium phosphoreum) (DIN38412) 30 min.

- **12.3 Persistence and degradability:** No information available.
- **12.4 Bioaccumulative potential:** Due to the distribution coefficient for n-octanol/water, accumulation in organisms is not expected.
- 12.5 Other adverse effects: No other relevant information available.

# 13. Disposal considerations

# 13.1 Disposal methods:

Uncontaminated discarded product is not a hazardous waste under RCRA. Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. All disposal practices must comply with all federal, state, and local laws and regulations. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this.

# 13.2 Container disposal:

Empty container retains product residue. Observe all hazard precautions. Do not distribute, make available, furnish or reuse empty container except for storage and shipment of original product. Remove all product residue. Puncture or otherwise destroy empty container and dispose of in a facility permitted for nonhazardous waste.

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

14. Transport information

14.1 UN number: Not regulated

14.2 UN proper shipping name: Not regulated

14.3 Transport hazard class: Not regulated

14.4 Packing group (if applicable): Not regulated

14.5 Marine Pollutant (Yes/No): No

**14.6 Special precaution:** No information available

### 15. Regulatory information

# 15.1 US TSCA inventory:

All chemical substances in this product comply with all rules or orders under TSCA. All intentionally added ingredients either are listed on the TSCA Inventory list or exempt from listing.

# 15.2 SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Hazard: No Chronic Hazard: No Fire Hazard: Yes Reactive Hazard: No

Sudden Pressure Release: No

### 15.3 CERCLA Hazardous Substance SARA Section 304 Release Reporting:

<u>Component(s)</u>
Zinc 12 Hydroxy Stearate

Reportable Quantity
None assigned

Reporting Concentration

<u>CAS Number</u>
35674-68-1

Reporting Concentration

<u>Min Max</u>

### 15.4 SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances:

Component(s)/ Reporting Concentration

CAS Number Threshold Min Max

None

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

#### 15.5 SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Component(s)ReportingConcentrationZinc 12 Hydroxy Stearateas Zinc compounds N982317% Zinc

<u>CAS Number</u> <u>Threshold</u> <u>Min</u> <u>Max</u>

35674-68-1

## **US State Regulations**

### 15.6 California Proposition 65:

This product is not known to contain chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

## 15.7 Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right To Know Act:

Zinc 12 Hydroxy Stearate: 35674-68-1

# 15.8 New Jersey Worker and Community Right To Know Act:

Zinc 12 Hydroxy Stearate: 35674-68-1

15.9 Massashusetts Right To Know Act:

Zinc 12 Hydroxy Stearate: 35674-68-1

# 15.10 Rhode Island Right To Know Act:

Zinc 12 Hydroxy Stearate: 35674-68-1

# **15.11 International Regulations:**

Canadian Regulations:

WHMIS Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations* and the SDS contains all the information required by the *Controlled Products Regulations*. This product is classified as controlled in accordance with the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

### **International Inventory status:**

Country(s) or region Australia	Inventory name Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	entory (yes/no)* Yes
	•	
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	Yes
	Substances (EINECS)	
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	Yes
11	(PICCS)	
United States &	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
Puerto Rico		

<sup>\*</sup> A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information

### 16.1 NFPA and HMIS Hazard Ratings:

We assigned NFPA and HMIS ratings to this product based on the hazards of its ingredient(s). Because the customer is most aware of the application of the product, the customer must ensure that the proper personal protective equipment (PPE) is provided consistent with information contained in the product SDS. This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular hazard rating system.

*Key:* 0 = least, 1 = slight, 2 = moderate, 3 = high, 4 = extreme

# NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) - Classification

Health 1 slight
Flammability 1 minimal
Instability or Reactivity 0 minimal
Special Hazards none

## HMIS® [Hazardous Materials Identification System (Paint & Coating)] - Classification

Health 1 slight Flammability 1 minimal Reactivity 0 minimal

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

NFPA, HMIS® rating involves data interpretations that may vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this material, all the information contained in this SDS must be considered. This information is supplied solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular hazard rating system.

#### **16.2** Revision information:

Date of this revision: 12/11/2023 (Version 1.0)

Revision summary: Revised GHS/OSHA compliant SDS

**16.3 Training advice:** Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

## 16.4 Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

BEI Biological Exposure Index
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

ppm parts per million

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

REL Recommended exposure limits from NIOSH

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Action Level An exposure value set by OSHA that is lower than the PEL that will trigger the need for

activities such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance.

This Safety Data Sheet conforms to US GHS Hazcom 2012

Version 1 Revision Date 12.11.2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

### END OF SDS